1881.

THE NEW YORK

EVENING POST,

IN ITS EIGHTY-FIRST YEAR.

...character and objects of the EVENING POST well known, that it would be enough, as a ...of the coming year, merely to an... that it will endeavor to maintain its posi... the leading evening journal of the city of ...ork, but its proprietors hope, by renewed and enterprise, to render it still more ...of the generous support which it has hith... received from the public.

The EVENING POST, for more than fifty years, ...en devoted to that theory of politics on ...our institutions are built, and which regards ...vernment as the organ and representative ...whole community, and not of any class. By ...damental law of its corporate organization ...ound to contend for the decentralization of ..., for freedom of exchange in trade, for just ...partial taxation, for a sound, hard-money ...cy, for economy and purity of administra... and for a reformed civil service; and to these ...des it will continue to give an earnest, en... and unfaltering support.

...1854 it took an active part in the forma... the Republican Party, to the measures and ...ates of which it has since generally adhered; ...s in no sense the slave of any party organ... It holds that the highest duty of a good ... is to the community at large, and to par... as they are subservient to the general ... While it has decided political preferences, ...re, it has no political prejudices; and is de...ed to be fair and impartial toward all par... in independent in its judgments. It means ...e vigorous war, as it always has done, up... ...jobs, all corruption, all extravagance, ...alation, all rings, and all class legislation.

...at the chief aim of the proprietors of the ...Post is to render it a first-class family ...per, which shall not only provide the latest ...est news of each day, but lend a special ...all the best elements of civilization, to liter... to science, to art, to education, and to in... amusements. Accordingly, it maintains ...ent correspondents, not only in our two ...d capitals, Washington and Albany, but in ...great cities of the Christian world. Its re... of books have long since made a name for ...ws; its theatrical and musical criticisms ..., discriminating, instructive and just; its ...al and market reports are noted for their ...eness and accuracy; while its miscellane... departments have no superior for variety, ...ess and general interest.

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...osters,

Bill-Heads,

Programmes,

Tickets, etc

Items of Interest.

One thousand of the cabmen of London are total abstainers.

Letter postage in Italy has been reduced from four to two cents.

The title of prince in Russia, it is asserted, is about equal to that of esquire in England.

Missionaries are said to be overwhelmed with gifts of patent medicines for the heathen.

Mr. McArthur, the new Lord Mayor of London, is said to be the first Irishman that filled the office.

The Ottawa *Free Press* states that the official reporters of the Dominion Parliament have been ordered to dress in broadcloth and wear white ties.

A factory has been discovered at Milwaukee from which 12,000 pounds of oleomargarine are sent out every day, with no marks to distinguish it from genuine butter.

The solitaire jewel for finger-rings has ceased to be in favor. Instead, two or three stones are set slanting on a heavy gold band, or a blazing diamond is guarded by two pearls.

A French physician claims to have established two facts: that widowers commit suicide more frequently than married men, and that the presence of children in a home diminishes the tendency to self destruction in both men and women.

A lady at St. Paul, Minn., on retiring to her bedroom the other night, found a man curled up in the bed, with his hat and clothes on, drunk and fast asleep. He had evidently intended burglary, but was too drunk to carry it out.

The churches of Auburn, Me., are canvassing the city for the purpose of reaching strangers and those who do not attend public worship, and for the special object of promoting a religious interest. One worker is assigned to each district.

As showing the considerable number of deaths abroad of Americans, many of them, no doubt, go for health purposes, it is stated that a single embalmer in Paris has been called on to perform that office upon thirty-two bodies this season, that they might be brought home to the United States.

A young girl left Dubuque for New Zealand over a year ago, on the summons of her sweetheart, who was to marry her on her arrival there. She has returned alone and unmarried. Finding the man evidently disappointed because she was not as handsome as when he had last seen her, she promptly released him.

Says the Carson (Nev.) *Appeal*:—A grizzly cub was vanquished in a fight with a dog at Carson. Five ferocious rounds were fought, amid an excitement at times which threatened to result in a riot. The bear won the first heat, the dog the second, the third was declared a draw and the dog took the last two, amid tremendous enthusiasm.

The old Welsh laws of Howell the Good, (A. D. 943) laid down:—"The worth of a kitten until it shall open its eyes is one legal penny: from that time till it shall kill mice, two legal pennies; after it shall kill mice, two legal pence, and so it shall always remain." There could be no legal hamlet in the old Welsh constitution unless it possessed a cat.

The reason alleged in China why Chinese become Christians on reading the Bible is, that the ink used has a power to stupefy the reader and take away his reason, and so make him believe the false doctrine. The people are warned against buying or reading foreign books. The missionaries are suspected of desiring to kidnap Chinese children to sell them.

All noted diamonds have been cut at Amsterdam, and it has been supposed that a secret art in this matter existed there, known to a few only, who monopolized the business. But now expert diamond cutters in New York city are improving the brilliancy of Amsterdam gems, by recutting them with mathematical facets, according to scientific laws of light. This process reduces somewhat the weight, but generally increases the value of these precious stones.

Dried potatoes have not yet come into our market to any extent, but it is said preparations have this year been made in California for drying large quantities and shipping them to England, where last year they met with a ready sale. A machine has been invented for pressing and drying potatoes so that they will keep for years, and yet preserve their natural flavor. After being thoroughly dried, they are ground into a coarse meal, resembling rice.

One of the most striking objects seen upon approaching Paris is the dome of the Hotel des Invalides, which glows in the sunshine like a ball of gold. During Napoleon's reign when it was reported to him that an ominous discontent prevailed among the Parisians, "Go," said the emperor, "and gild the dome of the Invalides." It was done, and the people forgot the tyranny of the government in their admiration of the new wonder. The gilded dome is a monument to Napoleon's knowledge of French character.

A dealer in parrots, in Liverpool, Eng., was recently fined for sending a number of these birds by rail without providing water. Mr. Bartlett, the superintendent of the Boston Zoological Gardens, stated that he was acquainted with several species of parrots which die at once if allowed to drink water. Moreover, it has been found by the trade that the only way of preserving the lives of the little parrots and love birds which are brought to this country in such numbers from Australia, is by rigorously cutting off their water supply throughout the voyage.

There are three companions with whom a man should always keep on good terms—his wife, his stomach and his conscience.

One of the kindest things heaven has done for man is denying him the power of looking into the future.

As everything in the life of the creek depends upon the connection with the great, unresting ocean yonder, so everything in the spiritual life of man depends upon the soul's connection with God.

AT THE STAMP-WINDOW.

Just before eleven o'clock yesterday forenoon there were thirteen men and one woman at the stamp-window of the postoffice. Most of the men had letters to post for the Eastern trains. The woman had something tied up in a blue match-box. She got there first, and she held the position with her head in the window and both elbows on the shelf.

"Is there such a place in this country as Cleveland?" she began.

"Oh, yes."

"Do you send mail there?"

"Yes."

"Well, a woman living next door asked me to mail this box for her. I guess it's directed all right. She said it ought to go for a cent."

"Takes two cents," said the clerk, after weighing it. "If there's writing inside it will cost twelve cents."

"Mercy on me, but how you do charge!"

Here the thirteen men began to push up and hustle around, and talk about one old match-box delaying two dozen business letters, but the woman had lots of time.

"Then it will be two cents, eh?"

"If there is no writing inside."

"Well, there may be. I know she is a great hand to write. She's sending some flower seed to her sister, and I presume she has told her how to plant 'em."

"Two threes,' cried out one of the crowd as he tried to get to the window.

"Hurry up," called another.

"There ought to be a separate window here for women," growled a third.

"Then it will take twelve cents," she calmly queried, as she fumbled around for her purse.

"Yes."

"Well, I'd better pay it, I guess."

From one pocket she took two coppers. From her reticule she took a three-cent piece. From her purse she fished out a nickel; and it was only after a hunt of eighty seconds that she got the twelve cents together. She then consumed four minutes in licking on the stamps, asking where to post the box, and wondering if there really was any writing inside, but woman proposes and man disposes. Twenty thousand dollars' worth of business was being detained by a twelve-cent woman, and a tidal wave suddenly took her away from the window. In sixty seconds the thirteen men had been waited on and gone their ways, and the woman returned to the window, handed in the box, and said:

"Them stamps are licked on kind o' crooked, but it won't make any difference, will it?"—*Detroit Free Press.*

VENEZUELAN BELL-RINGERS.

How these bells are rung! Surely out of no other bells is there so much clangor got as out of these Venezuelan church bells. The bell-ringer is a stalwart fellow, who clambers upclose beneath his awful instrument, braces his feet firmly on two cross beams, grasps, with both hands a sort of handle on the bottom of the clapper, and sets to work. His head is in the bell, and the spot behind it is the only one he doesn't manage to strike. He pounds on all sides with fury; his blows are delivered with frightful activity in a sort of rythm to which a very active jig dancer could keep step well; he exerts himself with the tempest of sound, of which he is the centre, and seeks to redouble his efforts; only when exhaustion forbids the prolongation of his wild delight does he stop and mop his brow. His only rival in musical action is the tamborine man of a minstrel troupe, but his instrument discounts a myriad of tambourines.

MADEMOISELLE'S LACE.

I once saw in Paris a magnificent stage costume, made for Mme. Judic. On the skirt was the loveliest tablier of lace I ever beheld. The dress was displayed on account of that lace; and that lace was worth, perhaps, 25f. For it was paper, wonderfully stamped, and represented chains of fuchsias, and looked just as much a piece of real lace as a Parisian diamond by night looks like an old-mine gem. Parisian actresses wear that paper lace a great deal; it is tough, soft and very effective. To wear a costly lot of lace, which may be ruined in a night, when five dollars' worth of lace paper looks as well, is considered the height of folly by intelligent foreigners.—*The Theatre.*

These six—the peevish, the niggard, the dissatisfied, the passionate, the suspicious and those who live upon others' means—are forever unhappy.

The more we study human nature the less we think of men—the more of man.—*Tilton.*

KIDNEY-WORT

PERMANENTLY CURES

KIDNEY DISEASES, LIVER COMPLAINTS, CONSTIPATION and PILES.

Dr. R. H. Clark, South Hero, Vt., says, "In cases of Kidney Troubles it has acted like a charm. It has cured many very bad cases of Piles, and has never failed to act efficiently."

Nelson Fairchild, of St. Albans, Vt., says, "It is of priceless value. After sixteen years of great suffering from Piles and Costiveness it completely cured me."

C. S. Hogabon, of Berkshire says, "One package has done wonders for me in completely curing a severe Liver and Kidney Complaint."

IN EITHER LIQUID OR DRY FORM

IT HAS WONDERFUL POWER. WHY?

Because it acts on the LIVER, BOWELS and KIDNEYS at the same time.

Because it cleanses the system of the poisonous humors that develope in Kidney and Urinary Diseases, Biliousness, Jaundice, Constipation, Piles, or in Rheumatism, Neuralgia Nervous Disorders and Female Complaints.

☞ It is put up in Dry Vegetable Form, in tin cans, one package of which makes six quarts of medicine.

☞ Also in Liquid Form, very Concentrated, for the convenience of those that cannot readily prepare it. It acts with equal efficiency in either form.

GET IT AT THE DRUGGISTS. PRICE, $1.00.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Prop's, (Will send the dry post-paid.) BURLINGTON, VT.

ALMOST GONE,

But the Minister's Last Call Postponed—Remarkable Recovery of a Lady who was Pronounced Beyond Hope of Recovery.

A well-known business man, of New Hartford, Conn., writes as follows to Dr. David Kennedy, of Roundout, N. Y.: "A few months ago I let a neighbor of ours have some of your "Favorite Remedy," out of a bottle we kept for our own use, to try for some transient trouble. That neighbor induced a sister-in-law, who lay almost at the point of death, to test its efficacy for her disease. For weeks previous she could not eat anything without experiencing great distress, and the medicine given her by her physicians afforded no help, and often seemed to increase her distress. It was thought she had Cancer of the Stomach, and at the time of which I write friends had sent for her pastor to make what it was believed would be his last call. This lady recovered, and is now comparatively well, and says she would not be without 'Kennedy's Favorite Remedy,' no matter what its cost might be. You cannot advertise it too highley." Dr. Kennedy's "Favorite Remedy" is specific for all Diseases of the Blood, such as the ills peculias to females, and is invaluable in all Diseases of the Kidneys and Liver. When once known no family be without it. "Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy" for sale by all druggists.

SHERIFF'S SALE—In Chancery of New Jersey—Between Sarah D. Stubbert, complainant, and George W. Baldwin and other defendants—Fi. fa., for sale of mortgaged premises.

By virtue of the above stated writ of fieri facias, to me directed, I shall expose for sale by public vendue, at the Court House, in Newark, on Tuesday, the eighteenth day of January next, at two o'clock P. M., all the following described tracts or parcels of land and premises situate, lying and being in the townships of and Bloomfield, Essex county, New Jersey:

Being at a point on the westerly side of the road leading from Bloomfield to Patterson near the residence of Warren S. Baldwin, said point bearing south fifty-three degrees east and distant forty-nine and one-half feet from the southeast corner of the house standing on the hereinafter described premises and at a distance of seventy-seven feet from the northerly side of a street recently laid through or over lands of the party of the second part said distance being measured at right angles with said street, from thence along lands belonging to James H. Rundell and Robert J. Beech first north eighty-three degrees west two hundred and twenty-one feet; thence second north six degrees east one hundred feet; thence third south eighty-three degrees east one hundred and seventy-nine feet to the aforesaid road; thence fourth along said road south sixteen and onehalf degree east one hundred and nine feet and three inches to the place of beginning, containing forty-six hundredths (46-100) of an acre of land, be the same more or less. Being the same premises conveyed by James H. Rundell and Robert J. Beech to the said George W. Baldwin.

Newark, N. J., November 15, 1880.

S. V. C. VAN RENSSELAER, Sheriff.

J. HERVEY AKERMAN, Sol'r. $6.30

SHERIFF'S SALE—In Chancery of New Jersey.—Between James M. Bruen, complainant, and Sarah E. Hayes and als., defendants.—Fi. fa., for sale of mortgaged premises.

By virtue of the above stated writ of fieri facias, to me directed, I shall expose for sale by public vendue, at the Court House, in Newark, on Tuesday, the first day of February next, at two o'clock P. M., all that tract or parcel of land and premises situate, lying and being in the township of Bloomfield, Essex county, New Jersey:

Beginning on the northerly side of Bloomfield avenue at the southeast corner of James Wilde's line; thence (first) along James Wilde's line north twenty-six and onehalf degrees east four hundred and fourteen feet to the land belonging to Edward S. Wilde; thence (2) along said E. S. Wilde's line in an easterly direction seventy-five feet; thence (3) along Clemenis E. Macfarlan's line south twenty-six degrees and thirty minutes west four hundred feet to the said Bloomfield avenue; thence (4) along said avenue north seventy-two degrees and five minutes west seventy-five feet to the place of beginning. Being the same premises conveyed to said Naomi Baldwin by James A. Hedden and ux., by deed dated Jan. 2, 1867, and recorded in Book I. 13 of deeds for Essex County, on page 235 save and except so much thereof as sold and conveyed by said Naomi E. Baldwin hereto to Edward S. Wilde by deed dated Dec. 1, 1868, and recorded April 25, 1869.

Newark, N. J., November 29, 1880.

S. V. C. VAN RENSSELAER, Sheriff.

ERNEST E. COE, Sol'r. $5.40

SHERIFF'S SALE—In Chancery of New Jersey—Between The Howard Savings Institution, complainant, and Elizabeth Brown, et als., defendants.—Fi. fa., for sale of mortgaged premises.

By virtue of the above stated writ of fieri facias, to me directed, I shall expose for sale by public vendue, at the Court House, in Newark, on Tuesday, the eighth day of February next, at two o'clock, P. M., all that tract or parcel of land and premises situate, lying and being in the township of Bloomfield, Essex County, New Jersey:

Beginning on the southeast corner of Jersey street and Bloomfield avenue at a point bearing from the northwest corner of the house standing on the hereinafter described lot north thirty-one degrees west and distant therefrom thirty-seven feet nine inches; thence along the east side of Jersey street south twelve degrees west one hundred and fifty-three feet two inches to the line of H. Dodd; thence along H. Dodd's line south seventy-seven and three quarter degrees east one hundred and eleven feet eight inches to one Sharp's line; thence along said Sharp's line north twenty-one degrees east one hundred and forty-one feet four inches to the aforesaid avenue; thence along said avenue north seventy-two degrees ten minutes west one hundred and thirty feet to the beginning. Cont. in'ng forty-one hundredths of an acre, more or less. Being the same premises conveyed to Rhoda D. Corby by William H. Shoosmith and wife by deed dated March 9, A. D. 1868.

Newark, N. J., December 6, 1880.

S. V. C. VAN RENSSELAER, Sheriff.

JAMES C. MCDONALD, Sol'r. $5.40

The Sun for 1881.

Everybody reads THE SUN. In the editions of this newspaper throughout the year to come everybody will find:

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II. Much of that sort of news which depends less upon its recognized importance than upon its interest to mankind. From morning to morning THE SUN prints a continued story of the lives of real men and women, and of their deeds, plans, loves, hates, and troubles. Their story is more varied and more interesting than any romance that was ever devised.

III. Good writing in every column, and freshness, originality, accuracy, and decorum in the treatment of every subject.

IV. Honest comment. THE SUN's habit is to speak out fearlessly about men and things.

V. Equal candor in dealing with each political party, and equal readiness to commend what is praiseworthy or to rebuke what is blamable in Democrat or Republican.

VI. Absolute independence of partizan organizations, but unwavering loyalty to true Democratic principles. THE SUN believes that the Government which the Constitution gives us is a good one to keep. Its notion of duty is to resist to its utmost power the efforts of men in the Republican party to set up another form of government in place of that which now exists. The year 1881 and the years immediately following will probably decide this supremely important contest. THE SUN believes that the victory will be with the people as against the Rings for monopoly, the Rings for plunder, and the Rings for imperial power.

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For the Daily SUN, a four-page sheet of twenty-eight columns, the price by mail, post paid, is 55 cents a month, or $6.50 a year; or, including the Sunday paper, an eight-page sheet of fifty-six columns, the price is 65 cents a month, or $7.70 a year, postage paid.

The Sunday edition of THE SUN is also furnished separately at $1.20 a year, postage paid.

The price of the WEEKLY SUN, eight-page, fifty-six columns, is $1 a year, postage paid. For clubs of ten sending $10 we will send an extra copy free.

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Insurance Company.

OLD, PROSPEROUS, SAFE, LARGE, STRONG, PURELY MUTUAL.

Assets,	**$39,000,000**
Surplus,	**7,600,000**

45,000 Policies in Force.

TEN FACTS.

1. *A Large and Strong Company.*

The New York Life has age and the stability which brings success. It has been in operation over thirty-five years, and at the beginning of 1880 had over 45,000 policies in force, covering over $127,000,000 in insurance. For the security of these policies the Company held nearly thirty nine million dollars, being $121,000 over every $100 of liabilities by the State Standard.

2. *A Purely Mutual Company.*

The New York Life is one of the few purely mutual life companies in this country, a company owned and managed by the policy holders themselves, in their own interests, with no stockholders to share the profits or interfere in the management, to the prejudice of the insured. It affords insurance at currant cost with absolute security.

3. *A Liberal and Progressive Company.*

The New York Life in 1860 originated and introduced the non-forfeiture system of policies, since adoped, in part or in some form, by every life company. It anticipated the New York State Law on the subject, in time by over nineteen years, and in liberality to the insured by giving more than the law requires.

4. *A Rapidly Growing Company.*

The last ten years include the six years of depression that followed the panic of 1873; yet during these ten years the increase in the Company's assets has been nearly three-fold, and the increase in surplus and interest receipts over three-fold. During this time the annual disbursements to policyholders have risen from $2,538,303 to $4,848,490, and have aggregated the inconceivable sum of forty million dollars ($40,301,252). Its interest receipts alone have been upward of fifteen millions and have more than paid its death-losses.

5. *A Solid and Vigorous Company.*

The New York Life has held its business, in spite of the "hard times," better than any other prominent company. The falling off among these from the highest point reached since the panic of 1873, has been nearly twenty per cent, on an average, both of income and insurance in force; while in the New York Life the falling off has been only about two per cent. of income and less than one-half of one per cent. of insurance in force.

6. *A Wide-Awake Company.*

The New York Life has issued over 140,000 policies, insuring over $420,000,000. It has received over $85,000,000 in premiums and nearly $26,000,000 in interest and rents. It has paid over $20,000,000 in death-claims, and returned over $31,000,000 to living policyholders. The amount of its present assets, plus its payments to policyholders and their families, exceeds the sum received from them by nearly six million dollars.

7. *A Well-Managed Company.*

Its management was never more vigorous, skillful, and prudent than at present. Its report for the year ending January 1st, 1880, shows almost unparalleled prosperity—a large increase in assets; a large increase in surplus; a large increase in premium receipts; a large increase in interest receipts; a large increase in policies and insurance, issued and in force; and a decrease in death-losses, resulting from a careful selection of lives and consequent low mortality rate.

8. *A Company with A No. 1 Securities.*

The securities of the New York Life are of the very highest order, the interest on which is collected when due. The entire amount of its uncollected interest, including the amount accrued or earned but not yet due, upon its investments January 1st, 1880, was but $317,989.11. This was only about eight-tenths of one per cent. of the Company's entire assets, being the lowest ratio of any prominent company and in notable contrast with some. At the date above given its bonds and stocks were worth nearly a million dollars more than cost.

9. *A Prudent Company.*

In estimating its liabilities the Company employs the severest standard used in this country. Security being the *sine qua non* in life insurance, the New York Life calculates its reserve fund on the supposition that it will be able to realize in future but four per cent. interest; and thus keeps this fund over four million dollars larger than is required by the law by which its solvency is tested. Hence, no unusual losses, no sudden depression in the prices of securities, no panic, no hard times, nor all of these combined can so reduce its surplus as seriously to embarrass the Company.

10. *A Good Company to Insure in.*

The policies of the New York Life are notable for their freedom from vexatious restrictions; the customs of the Company with respect to payment of premiums, etc., are plainly stated, and efforts are made to encourage and to enable every honest policyholder to keep up his policy; in the settlement of claims by death the greatest liberality consistent with justice is ever shown, as the grateful acknowledgements of hundreds of beneficiaries abundantly testify. By its liberal construction of the policy contract in cases that might have been resisted on technical grounds it has gained the reputation of being

"A non-contesting company."

MORRIS FRANKLIN, President.

WM. H. SEER, Vice-President.

THEODORE M. BANTA, Cashier.

D. O'DELL, Sup't of Agencies.

CHARLES WRIGHT, M.D., HENRY TUCK, M.D., Medical Examiners.

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(Corner above Centre Market.)

LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE STOCK OF TEA AND COFFEE IN NEWARK.

(All Goods Sold at New York Prices.)

Take no presents with your tea and coffee, but go direct to BOSCH'S. We do not deceive you with a present and charge 50 and 60 cents for 30 and 40 cent tea. One trial will convince of the imposition practiced by dealers giving you presents.

We would call attention to the following:

OOLONG TEA.—We have just received a large invoice of good Tea, 25 and 30 cents per pound sold elsewhere at 40 and 50 cents; a fine Formosa Tea at 40 cents; extra choice, full, rich flavor at 50 cents.

JAPAN TEA, also.—A fine assortment, 30, 40 and 50 cents per pound up. Our rose flavored Japan is of a young Spring leaf, first picking and of the latest arrival.

ENGLISH BREAKFAST TEA.—Our new Congon Teas cannot be surpassed. They are of that full, rich draw and always uniform in flavor. From 30 cents per pound up.

YOUNG HYSON (GREEN).—Our Moyune Teas are too well known to need further recommendation.

IMPERIAL GUNPOWDER.—first picking, Spring leaf, garden growth, at $1.00 per pound, is the finest we have sold in years. Everybody fond of a fine green tea should try it.

COFFEES! COFFEES!

Either pure or prepared. Always fresh roasted, and ground if desired.

Bosch's Celebrated Compressed

COFFEE,

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This article is ground immediately after roasting and while in a warm state, secured in packages impervious to air. It is thus preserved uninjured by the atmosphere, and, for a long period, retains unimpaired its full aromatic freshness of flavor.

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WEDNESDAY, DEC. 8,

Will make an unusual display of

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR GIFTS,

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Large Variety, Low Prices.

Japanese Trays, Work Boxes, Cabinets, Hdkfs. and Glove Boxes, Dolls, Etc.

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Everything in the substantial gifts. Hosiery, Gloves, Mitts, Linen Hdkfs., Underwear, Ties.

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Rosewood Piano

With Cover, Stool and Instruction Book,

ONLY $800.

PATTERSON PIANO SQUARE GRAND

Style No. 60, 7⅓ octaves, magnificent rosewood case, four round corners, large size, extra carved legs and lyre, fret desk, heavy serpentine and top mouldings all round case, back finished same as front. Full iron frame, with extra braces, French grand action, Overstrung Bass, Full Agraffe, three unisons, Soft Pedal, Ivory Key Fronts, Capped Hammers, and every modern improvement that tends to perfection of tone and general durability. Dimensions: 6 feet 10 inches, width, 3 feet 5 inches, weight, boxed, 1,000 pounds. This Piano is remarkable for its purity, richness and evenness of tone, and the wonderful manner in which it sustains the voice. Each instrument is warranted for six years, and shipped on 15 days test trial, and if at end of that period it is not found satisfactory and as represented by me, purchaser can return same at my expense for freight both ways. If piano is kept, purchaser pays freight. Each instrument boxed and delivered on board cars here free of charge, and no money required until fully tested at your own home. Instruments will be shipped on parties ordering furnishing me with good reference from some responsible Bank, Banker or Business House in their own town, who may know them.

PATTERSON ORGAN $45, $50, $75, $85, $90, $100, $110, $125, and upwards, in the latest and most beautiful designs, and having the sweetest and most harmonious tones to be found in any organ in the world. Pianos $200, $225, $275, $300 and upwards. ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE, containing full information, sent free. Address the manufacturer, JAMES T. PATTERSON, P. O. Drawer 12, Bridgeport, Conn., U. S. A.

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Family Washer and Bleacher,

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THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY PERFECT SELF-OPERATING WASHER IN THE WORLD.

No rubbing required. No more yellow clothes nor hard work on washing day. It will wash anything from a lace curtain to a horse blanket, cannot get out of order.

Good agents wanted, both male and female, to whom liberal inducements are offered. Agents can make from ten to one hundred dollars weekly

THE ART OF CLEANSING FABRICS

is yet but imperfectly understood by thousands of good housekeepers. The numerous devices of friction rollers, pounders, squeezers, dashers, agitators, steam wash-rollers, etc., have all failed in one or more of the three essential points, namely: The saving of labor, wear and tear of clothes, or in imperfectly extracting the dirt and discoloration.

WHAT IS IT REMOVES THE DIRT?

You may ask washerwomen and housekeepers, and your answer from nine out of ten will be, "Plenty of elbow grease," or, in other words, laborious rubbing upon the wash-board. And such is the case; for you first rub soap upon the cloth, and then you have to rub it in to make the dirt soluble; but does that remove it? No; to do that you must first dip it into the water and rub repeatedly to force water through the fabric, again and again. That is what removes dirt after having been softened by the chemical action of the soap.

The way in which this could be most economically accomplished has been developed in the Family Washer and Bleacher, which embodies all the above points.

THE PRINCIPLE OF THE WASHER AND BLEACHER

embodies all the essential points. First, we have the desired heat which expands the fabric and causes it to discharge the dirt. Second, we obtain a powerful suction beneath the clothes, which produces a rapid downward current or water force, through and through them, thereby removing the dirt. Third, we use a large body of water, which holds the dirt in solution. Fourth, we use but a small quantity of soap. Fifth, the washing is done by water, and not by steam.

PHILOSOPHY OF THE WASHER AND BLEACHER IS THIS.

We have 5 lbs. of metal, which attains a much greater degree of heat than the water surrounding it, consequently the water underneath the Washer becomes hotter and more expansive than in any other part of the boiler, and is thereby thrown to the surface through the tube at the rate of six to eight gallons per minute, thus tending to produce a vacuum underneath the Washer at the bottom of the boiler, into which the water is rapidly drawn.

THE IMPROVED WASHER

has a perfect fitting pipe, and is a combination of metals which does not become sticky or dirty. It comes out of the boiler as bright as new.

THE CAPACITY OF THE WASHER AND BLEACHER.

There are two sizes—No. 1, the Family size; No. 2, suitable for small hotels, restaurants, and barber-shops, boarding-houses, etc.

The Washer is composed of metal and cannot get out of order.

It will work in any flat bottom boiler. It takes only three or four ounces of soap in ten or twelve gallons of water, and will wash bed or table linen, a boilerful in ten or fifteen minutes, wearing apparel in from ten to thirty minutes. Use no chemicals—only good soap and soft water.

For Lace Curtains this Washer is invaluable. It cleanses them as no other process can without the slightest danger or injury.

No. 2 or small hotel size will wash of average pieces 1,500 to 2,000 per day.

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We want a local agent in every town in the United States.

We want first-class men as General Agents—men capable of managing one or more counties.

To such we give a duly executed certificate of agency.

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☞ In ordering write plainly your name, post-office, county, and State. Also the name of the express office to which you wish the Washer forwarded.

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Remit by Post-Office Order or Registered Letter. We insure the safe delivery of all Washers ordered as above. Money may also be sent by draft on New York.

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